

Victorian Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Organisation Inc

A.B.N. 67 498 114 972

Financial Report

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

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COMMITTEE'S REPORT

Your committee members present this report along with the financial report of Victorian Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Organisation Incorporated (VACCHO) for the financial year ended 30 June 2020, in order to comply with the provisions of the *Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012*.

COMMITTEE MEMBERS

The names of committee members throughout the year were:

| Karen Heap Michael Graham Suzie Squires Michael Bell John Gorton | Chairperson (resigned June 2020) Acting Chairperson Treasurer |
|--|---|
| Joseph Day | Appointed October 2019 |
| Kelli Bartlett | Appointed October 2019 |
| James Atkinson | Resigned September 2019 |
| Karlene Dwyer | Resigned September 2019 |

A Ballot for the election of Members of the Committee occurs at the Annual General Meeting in October each year.

Meetings of Committee Members

During the financial year, 12 meetings of Committee Members were held. Attendances by each member were as follows:

| | Committee members meetings | |
|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| | Number eligible to attend | Number attended |
| Karen Heap | 12 | 12 |
| Michael Graham | 12 | 11 |
| Suzie Squires | 12 | 8 |
| Michael Bell | 12 | 9 |
| John Gorton | 12 | 10 |
| Joseph Day | 8 | 3 |
| Kelli Bartlett | 8 | 7 |
| James Atkinson | 2 | 1 |
| Karlene Dwyer | 2 | 0 |

SUMMARY

VACCHO is the peak body for Aboriginal health and wellbeing in Victoria, with 32 member ACCO's providing support to approximately 50,000 Aboriginal people across the state.

VACCHO champions community control and health equality for Aboriginal communities. Our members have a proud history as sustainable, grassroots organisations that assist in building community capacity for selfdetermination. VACCHO believes that each Aboriginal community needs its own community-based, locally owned, culturally appropriate and adequately resourced primary health care facilities.

During 2019/20, VACCHO continued to cement its leadership role though continuing to drive outcomes from its Strategic Plan 2018-2022.

Importantly, with a strong balance sheet VACCHO is set to meet its Strategic Priorities and continue to support our Members the delivery of culturally safe health and wellbeing services of Aboriginal Peoples living in Victoria.

OPERATING RESULT

The surplus for the year amounted to \$212,375 (2019: \$65,064).

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the members of the Committee.

asl-

Michael Graham (A/Chair)

Suzie Squires



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AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of Victorian Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Organisation Inc for the year ended 30 June 2020, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements of the Australian Professional Accounting Bodies in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

RSM AUSTRALIA PARTNERS

B Y CHAN Partner

Dated: 22 September 2020 Melbourne, Victoria

THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD AUDIT | TAX | CONSULTING

RSM Australia Partners is a member of the RSM network and trades as RSM. RSM is the trading name used by the members of the RSM network. Each member of the RSM network is an independent accounting and consulting firm which practices in its own right. The RSM network is not itself a separate legal entity in any jurisdiction. RSM Australia Partners ABN 36 965 185 036



STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

| REVENUE | Note | 2020 \$ | 2019 \$ |
|---|--------|--|--|
| Grants and funding Other income | 2 2 | 17,951,859 992,793 | 11,668,908 847,949 |
| TOTAL REVENUE | | 18,944,652 | 12,516,857 |
| EXPENDITURE | | | |
| Program operational expenses Employee expenses Depreciation expenses Office expenses Other expenses TOTAL EXPENDITURE | 2 | 8,868,209 8,077,618 331,102 765,560 689,787 18,732,277 | 3,902,005 6,817,181 224,224 733,172 775,211 12,451,793 |
| Surplus for the year attributable to the members | | 212,375 | 65,064 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the members | | 212,375 | 65,064 |

The above Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

| CURRENT ASSETS | Note | 2020 \$ | 2019 \$ |
|--|-------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Financial assets | 3 4 5 | 14,520,570 16,896 | 17,231,275 666,359 |
| Other | 6 | 37,253 | - 110,795 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | | 14,574,719 | 18,008,429 |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 7 | 6,747,621 | 6,854,166 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | 6,747,621 | 6,854,166 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 21,322,340 | 24,862,595 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 8 | 1,973,833 | 1,779,359 |
| Employee benefits Contract liabilities | 9 10 | 764,806 6,630,962 | 597,226 10,807,250 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 9,369,601 | 13,183,835 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Employee benefits | 9 | 97,973 | 36,370 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 97,973 | 36,370 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 9,467,574 | 13,220,205 |
| NET ASSETS | | 11,854,765 | 11,642,390 |
| EQUITY Retained surpluses | | 11,854,765 | 11,642,390 |
| TOTAL EQUITY | | 11,854,765 | 11,642,390 |

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

| | Retained Total Equity Surpluses | |
|--|------------------------------------|------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| 2019 | | |
| Balance at 1 July 2018 | 11,577,326 | 11,577,326 |
| Surplus for the year attributable to the members | 65,064 | 65,064 |
| Balance at 30 June 2019 | 11,642,390 | 11,642,390 |
| 2020 | | |
| Balance at 1 July 2019 | 11,642,390 | 11,642,390 |
| Surplus for the year attributable to the members | 212,375 | 212,375 |
| Balance at 30 June 2020 | 11,854,765 | 11,854,765 |

The above Statement of Changes to Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

| | | 2020 \$ | 2019 \$ |
|---|------|---|---|
| Cash flows from operating activities | Note | Ψ | Ψ |
| Receipts from customers/funders Interest received Payments to suppliers and employees Net cash from operating activities | 11 _ | 19,566,113 168,332 (22,242,125) (2,507,680) | 12,627,121 295,669 (11,476,922) 1,445,868 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | |
| Payment for purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds on sale of fixed assets Proceeds on sale of investments Net (provided by) investing activities | - | (224,557) 21,532 - (203,025) | (472,050) - 4,894,427 4,422,377 |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year | | (2,710,705) 17,231,275 | 5,868,245 11,363,030 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year | 3 | 14,520,570 | 17,231,275 |

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

The financial statement covers Victorian Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Organisation Incorporated (VACCHO) as an individual entity. It is an association incorporated in Victoria under the *Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012*. It is a not-for-profit registered health promotion charity as such it is exempt from income tax.

NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements, including Australian Accounting Interpretations and the Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

Reporting basis and conventions

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified where applicable by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. The directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial report are based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the entity.

New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

VACCHO has adopted all the new, revised or amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new, revised or amending Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

The adoption of these Accounting Standards and Interpretations did not have any significant impact on the financial performance or position of the incorporated association.

The following Accounting Standards and Interpretations are most relevant to the incorporated association:

AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

VACCHO has adopted AASB 15 from 1 July 2019. The standard provides a single comprehensive model for revenue recognition. The core principle of the standard is that an entity shall recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The standard introduced a new contract-based revenue recognition model with a measurement approach that is based on an allocation of the transaction price. This is described further in the accounting policies below. Credit risk is presented separately as an expense rather than adjusted against revenue. Contracts with customers are presented in an entity's statement of financial position as a contract liability, a contract asset, or a receivable, depending on the relationship between the entity's performance and the customer's payment. Customer acquisition costs and costs to fulfil a contract can, subject to certain criteria, be capitalised as an asset and amortised over the contract period.

NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

AASB 16 Leases

VACCHO has adopted AASB 16 from 1 July 2019. The standard replaces AASB 117 'Leases' and for lessees eliminates the classifications of operating leases and finance leases. Except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets, right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position. Straight-line operating lease expense recognition is replaced with an amortisation charge for the right-of-use assets (included in operating costs) and an interest expense on the recognised lease liabilities (included in finance costs). In the earlier periods of the lease, the expenses associated with the lease under AASB 16 will be higher when compared to lease expenses under AASB 117. For classification within the statement of cash flows, the interest portion is disclosed in operating activities and the principal portion of the lease payments are separately disclosed in financing activities.

AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities

VACCHO has adopted AASB 1058 from 1 July 2019. The standard replaces AASB 1004 'Contributions' in respect to income recognition requirements for not-for-profit entities. The timing of income recognition under AASB 1058 is dependent upon whether the transaction gives rise to a liability or other specific performance obligation at the time of receipt. Income under the standard is recognised where: an asset is received in a transaction, such as by way of grant, bequest or donation; there has either been no consideration transferred, or the consideration paid is significantly less than the asset's fair value; and where the intention is to principally enable the entity to further its objectives. For transfers of financial assets to the entity which enable it to acquire or construct a recognisable non-financial asset, the entity must recognise a liability amounting to the excess of the fair value of the transfer received over any related amounts recognised.

Related amounts recognised may relate to AASB 15 revenue or contract liability recognised, lease liabilities in accordance with AASB 16, financial instruments in accordance with AASB 9, or provisions in accordance with AASB 137. The liability will be brought to account as income over the period in which the entity satisfies its specific performance obligation. If the transaction does not enable the entity to acquire or construct a recognisable non-financial asset to be controlled by the entity, then any excess of the initial carrying amount of the recognised asset over the related amounts is recognised as income immediately. Where the fair value of volunteer services received can be measured, a not-for-profit entity can elect to recognise the value of those services as an asset where asset recognition criteria are met or otherwise recognise the value as an expense.

Impact of adoption

AASB 15, AASB 16 and AASB 1058 were adopted using the modified retrospective approach and as such comparatives have not been restated. There was no impact on opening retained profits as at 1 July 2019.

Income tax

The incorporated association is a charitable institution in terms of subsection 50-5 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*, as amended, it is exempt from paying income tax.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any allowance for expected credit losses.

NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is current when: it is expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when: it is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Freehold land is at cost.

Paintings and Artwork is at cost and are not depreciated as considered to have an indefinite useful life.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the net cost of each item of property, plant and equipment (excluding land) over their expected useful lives to the entity commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold assets are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

| Motor Vehicles | 5-8 Years |
|----------------------------------|------------|
| Furniture & Equipment | 3-10 Years |
| Building & Building Improvements | 40 Years |
| Computer Equipment | 1-5 Years |

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss.

Leases

VACCHO has entered a three year lease agreement for computer equipment – Laptop. The application of the Accounting Standard AASB 16 allows for the exercise of judgement – particularly in respect of the definition of a lease, the assessment of the lease term and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. VACCHO has undertaken a thorough review of rental/ lease of IT equipment ie laptops for use by individuals and has deemed these items as low value assets and hence will be exempt for the specific application under the AASB16. The current rental/lease expenses as at 30 June 2020 will be expensed as the lease payments fall due.

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the cash flow statement on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the incorporated association prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Contract liabilities

Contract liabilities represent the incorporated association's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer and are recognised when a customer pays consideration, or when the incorporated association recognises a receivable to reflect its unconditional right to consideration (whichever is earlier) before the incorporated association has transferred the goods or services to the customer.

Employee Benefit Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Other long-term employee benefits

The liability for annual leave and long service leave not expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expect future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on national corporate bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Defined contribution superannuation expense

Contributions to defined contribution superannuation plans are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Fair value measurement

When an asset or liability, financial or non-financial, is measured at fair value for recognition or disclosure purposes, the fair value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date; and assumes that the transaction will take place either: in the principal market; or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming they act in their economic best interest. For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement is based on its highest and best use. Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, are used, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. The valuein-use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows relating to the asset using a pre-tax discount rate specific to the asset or cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Assets that do not have independent cash flows are grouped together to form a cash-generating unit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 2: REVENUE AND EXPENSE ITEMS

| | 2020 \$ | 2019 \$ |
|---|-------------------------|------------------------|
| Significant Revenue and Expense items | | |
| Revenue | | |
| Grants and funding Funds brought forward from prior year | 16,788,620 1,163,239 | 9,846,691 1,822,217 |
| | 17,951,859 | 11,668,908 |
| Other income | | |
| Sales income | 165,343 | 460,358 |
| Billable services and materials | 50,771 | 17,998 |
| Donations | 34,937 | 19,883 |
| Interest income | 136,373 | 330,848 |
| Other Revenue | 583,836 | 18,862 |
| Profit on Sale of Asset | 21,532 | - |
| | 992,793 | 847,949 |
| Other Expenses | | |
| Audit Fee | 38,325 | 25,560 |
| Motor Vehicle | 36,009 | 39,680 |
| Consultants Fees | 613,615 | 708,373 |
| Finance Costs | 1,838 | 1,598 |
| | 689,787 | 775,211 |
| Office Expenses | | |
| Occupancy Costs | 127,887 | 180,080 |
| Telephone & Internet Services | 205,867 | 211,844 |
| Postage, Stationery & Printing | 47,926 | 111,276 |
| Other Office and General Expenses | 383,880 | 229,972 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 765,560 | 733,172 |

AASB 15 was adopted using the modified retrospective approach and as such comparatives have not been provided for disaggregation of revenue.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 3: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

| | 2020 \$ | 2019 \$ |
|---------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Cash on Hand | 670 | 195 |
| Cash at Bank | 14,519,900 | 17,231,080 |
| Total Cash and cash equivalents | 14,520,570 | 17,231,275 |

NOTE 4: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

| | 2020 \$ | 2019 \$ |
|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Trade Receivables | 45,314 | 683,550 |
| Provision for impairment | (37,138) | (52,370) |
| | 8,176 | 631,180 |
| Other receivables | | |
| Funds receivable | 8,720 | 35,179 |
| | | |
| Total trade and other receivables | 16,896 | 666,359 |

NOTE 5: FINANCIAL ASSETS

| | 2020 \$ | 2019 \$ |
|--|------------|-------------|
| Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss | - | - |
| Movement in financial assets | | |
| Balance at the beginning of the year | - | 4,894,427 |
| (Disposal)/Investment | - | (4,894,427) |
| Balance at the end of the year | | <u> </u> |

NOTE 6: OTHER ASSETS

| | 2020 \$ | 2019 \$ |
|-------------|------------|------------|
| Prepayments | 37,253 | 110,795 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 7: PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

| | 2020 \$ | 2019 \$ |
|---|------------|------------|
| Paintings and Artwork - at cost | 54,388 | 54,388 |
| Less: Accumulated Depreciation | - | |
| Written Down Value | 54,388 | 54,388 |
| | | |
| Motor Vehicles - at cost | 129,572 | 187,435 |
| Less: Accumulated Depreciation | (1,440) | (172,748) |
| Written Down Value | 128,132 | 14,687 |
| Computer Equipment & Software - at cost | 636,495 | 649,094 |
| WIP Transferred | 325,625 | - |
| Less: Accumulated Depreciation | (458,815) | (331,114) |
| Written Down Value | 503,305 | 317,980 |
| Furniture and Fittings - at cost | 591,598 | 584,432 |
| Less: Accumulated Depreciation | (380,250) | (335,394) |
| Written Down Value | 211,348 | 249,038 |
| Eye Health equipment - at cost | 160,447 | 160,447 |
| Less: Accumulated Depreciation | (160,367) | (160,367) |
| Written Down Value | 80 | 80 |
| Land and Buildings - at cost | 6,773,702 | 6,773,702 |
| Less: Accumulated Depreciation | (923,334) | (794,559) |
| Written Down Value | 5,850,368 | 5,979,143 |
| WIP – at Cost | 325,625 | 238,850 |
| WIP Transferred | (325,625) | |
| WIP Value | | 238,850 |
| | | |
| Total Written Down Value of Assets | 6,747,621 | 6,854,166 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

Movements in Carrying Amounts:

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment:

| 2019 | Paintings and Artwork \$ | Motor Vehicles \$ | Computer Equipment and Software \$ | Furniture and Fittings \$ | Eye Health Equipment \$ | Land and Buildings \$ | WIP \$ | Total \$ |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| Opening Balance | 53,243 | 29,737 | 237,214 | 69,684 | 80 | 6,107,918 | 108,465 | 6,606,341 |
| Additions at cost | 1,145 | | 148,668 | 191,853 | | | | 341,666 |
| Disposals | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation Expense | | (15,050) | (67,902) | (12,499) | | (128,775) | | (224,225) |
| Project Cost WIP | | | | | | | 130,385 | 130,385 |
| Carrying amount at end year | 54,388 | 14,687 | 317,980 | 249,038 | 80 | 5,979,143 | 238,850 | 6,854,166 |
| 2020 | | | | | | | | |
| Opening Balance | 54,388 | 14,687 | 317,980 | 249,038 | 80 | 5,979,143 | 238,850 | 6,854,166 |
| Additions at cost | | 124,841 | 5,776 | 7,165 | | | 86,775 | 224,557 |
| Transfer from WIP | | | 325,625 | | | | (325,625) | - |
| Disposals | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation Expense | | (11,396) | (146,076) | (44,855) | | (128,775) | | (331,102) |
| Carrying amount at end year | 54,388 | 128,132 | 503,305 | 211,348 | 80 | 5,850,368 | - | 6,747,621 |

NOTE 8: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

| | 2020 \$ | 2019 \$ |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Trade Creditors | 190,361 | 191,750 |
| Accrued Expenses | 958,326 | 767,394 |
| PAYG Tax | 149,025 | 88,562 |
| GST | 367,463 | 274,445 |
| Other Creditors | 237,132 | 81,015 |
| Auspice Monies Held in Trust | 71,526 | 376,193 |
| Total Trade and Other Payables | 1,973,833 | 1,779,359 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 9: PROVISIONS

| | 2020 \$ | 2019 \$ |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Current Provisions | | |
| Annual leave | 476,777 | 337,426 |
| Long-service leave | 288,029 | 259,800 |
| Total Current Provisions | 764,806 | 597,226 |
| Non-Current Provisions | | |
| Long-service leave | 97,973 | 36,370 |
| NOTE 10: CONTRACT LIABILITIES | | |
| Unearned Revenue | 5,675,737 | 4,849,250 |
| Grants in advance | 955,225 | 5,958,000 |
| | 6,630,962 | 10,807,250 |

NOTE 11: CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operations with Surplus after Income Tax

| | 2020 \$ | 2019 \$ |
|---|-------------|------------|
| Operating Surplus after income tax for the year | 212,375 | 65,064 |
| Non-cash flows in surplus after tax | | |
| Depreciation | 331,102 | 224,224 |
| Profit on sale of assets | (21,532) | - |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities | | |
| (Increase) in trade and other receivables | 779,365 | 441,112 |
| (Increase)/decrease in other assets | 105,501 | (135,349) |
| (Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables | 32,613 | 130,581 |
| Increase/(decrease) in deferred income | (4,176,288) | 724,440 |
| Increase in employee benefits | 229,183 | (4,204) |
| Net cash from/(used in) operating activities | (2,507,680) | 1,445,868 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 12: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As detailed in Note 7, the entity holds land and building at 17-23 Sackville Street, Collingwood Vic 3066, in the Statement of Financial Position at \$5,979,143. This acquisition took place in 2010 with government assistance of \$3.95million. Under the terms of this facility, the contribution is only repayable to the Department of Health and Human Services (formally the Department of Health) if and when the following takes place:

- Windup of VACCHO; or
- A change in the entity's strategic operations.

The incorporated association had no other contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2020.

NOTE 13: ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The entity is economically dependent on Commonwealth and State Government departments for its grant revenue. These grants funding sources require certain procedures for grant expenditure and acquittal. If grants are not expended and acquitted in accordance with the grantor's procedures, grantors can refuse to make further grants and request repayments of grants made.

NOTE 14: MORTGAGES, CHARGES OR SECURITIES AFFECTING THE PROPERTY OF THE ASSOCIATION

Capital Funding Agreement Mortgage of Land:

The Department of Health and Human Services (formally the Department of Health) under their Capital Funding Agreement established a security interest by way of mortgage on the VACCHO Head Office at 17-23 Sackville Street, Collingwood, Vic 3066.

No interest is payable on the mortgage and repayment is restricted to the provisions of the Capital Funding Agreement.

There are no other mortgages, charges or securities encumbering the property of the Association.

NOTE 15: RELATED PARTY DECLARATION

VACCHO must disclose certain related party relationships together with information associated with those transactions in its annual financial statements in order to comply with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures.

VACCHO's related parties include:

•

- key management personnel (KMP) of VACCHO
- close family members of KMP
 - entities related to VACCHO, such as subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates
 - entities controlled or jointly controlled by KMP or their close family members

A related party transaction is any transaction between VACCHO and the above related parties, whether monetary or not.

In order to meet the disclosure requirements, KMP must periodically provide a related party declaration identifying any close family members and entities controlled or jointly controlled by KMP or their close family members. Related party declarations will be requested by the Committee/Company Secretary. The Company Secretary will maintain a register to record and assess the related parties and related party transactions. The declarations and related party register may be audited as part of the annual external audit process.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 16: KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION

Key Management Personnel

VACCHO has made the determination that key management personnel not only includes the Committee Members but also include members of the VACCHO Executive Leadership Group as they support the strategic decisions of the Organisation.

The total of remuneration paid to key management personnel (KMP) of the entity during the year is as follows:

| | 2020 \$ | 2019 \$ |
|------------------------|------------|------------|
| Aggregate Compensation | 1,025,870 | 1,182,561 |
| | 1,025,870 | 1,182,561 |

NOTE 17: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

VACCHO's Membership is defined as fitting the related party definition by the nature of the alignment with their health services, as Charities and as part of VACCHO the peak body's membership support of the Victorian Aboriginal Community. VACCHO has defined in the past the 'related party transaction' is any transaction through which VACCHO provides a financial benefit to a member.

The following are related parties with VACCHO:

- 1. Aboriginal Community Elders Services Inc
- 2. Ballarat & District Aboriginal Cooperative
- 3. Bendigo and District Aboriginal Cooperative
- 4. Budja Budja Aboriginal Cooperative
- 5. Dandenong and District Aboriginal Cooperative
- 6. Dhauwurd Wurrung Elderly and Community Health Service
- 7. Gippsland and East Gippsland Aboriginal Cooperative
- 8. Goolum Goolum Aboriginal Cooperative
- 9. Gundijtmara Aboriginal Cooperative
- 10. Oonah Health and Community Services Aboriginal Coporation (Formerly Healesville Indigenous Community Services Association)
- 11. Kirrae Health Services
- 12. Lake Tyers Health and Children's Service
- 13. Lakes Entrance Aboriginal Health Association (Auspice with Gippsland Lakes Complete Health Ltd)
- 14. Mallee District Aboriginal Services
- 15. Moogji Aboriginal Council East Gippsland
- 16. Mungabareena Aboriginal Corporation
- 17. Murray Valley Aboriginal Cooperative
- 18. Ngwala Willumbong Cooperative
- 19. Njernda Aboriginal Corporation
- 20. Ramahyuck District Aboriginal Corporation
- 21. Rumbalara Aboriginal Cooperative
- 22. Victorian Aboriginal Health Service
- 23. Wathaurong Aboriginal Cooperative
- 24. Winda-Mara Aboriginal Corporation
- 25. Albury Wodonga Aboriginal Health Service
- 26. Boorndawan Willam Aboriginal Healing Service
- 27. Bubup Wilam for Early Learning
- 28. Cummeragunja Housing & Development Aboriginal Corporation (Viney Morgan AMS)
- 29. Kirrip Aboiriginal Corporation
- 30. Melbourne Aboriginal Youth, Sport & Recreation Co-operative
- 31. Mullum Mullum Indigenous Gathering Place
- 32. Weenthunga Health Network Inc

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

| I he following transactions occurred with related parties: | | |
|--|--------------------|-------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Payment for goods and services: | 407.050 | 04 |
| Aboriginal Community Elders Services Inc | 137,356 | 91 |
| Ballarat & District Aboriginal Co-op | 58,824 | 15,543 |
| Bendigo & District Aboriginal Co-op | 178,376 | 16,495 |
| Bubup Wilam for Early Learning Inc. | 136,500 | - |
| Budja Budja Aboriginal Cooperative | 463,700 | 81,281 |
| Dandenong & District Aborigines Co-op | 46,000 | - |
| Dhauwurd Wurrng Elderly and Community Heath Service Inc | 378,704 | 81,426 |
| Gippsland & East Gippsland Aboriginal Co-Op | 130,862 | 15,000 |
| Lakes Entrance Aboriginal Health Association | 77,052 | - |
| Goolum Goolum Aboriginal Co-op | 255,483 | 87,827 |
| Gunditjmara Aboriginal Corp | 806,201 | 159,037 |
| Kirrae Health Service | 265,682 | 81,281 |
| Lake Tyers Health & Childrens Service | 74,800 | - |
| Mallee District Aboriginal Services | 192,463 | 96,785 |
| Moogji Aboriginal Council | 316,950 | - |
| Mullum Mullum Indigenous Gathering Place | 107,800 | - |
| Mungabareena Aboriginal Corporation | 315,000 | - |
| Wathaurong Aboriginal Co-Operative Ltd | 381,101 | 71,818 |
| Murray Valley Aboriginal Co-Op | 507,923 | 59,530 |
| Njernda Aboriginal Corp Romohuudk District Aboriginal Corporation | 146,002 | 450 |
| Ramahyuck District Aboriginal Corporation | 312,143 | 15,000 |
| Ramahyuck District. Aboriginal Corp. PHCAP Rumbalara Aboriginal Co-op | 156,290 239,342 | - 62,620 |
| Victorian Aboriginal Health Service Co-Op Ltd | 28,800 | 02,020 |
| Weenthunga Health Network Inc | 57,244 | 58,182 |
| Windamara Aboriginal Corporation | 332,392 | 89,412 |
| Nairm Marr Djambana Inc | 67,500 | |
| Oonah Health & Community Services Aboriginal Co-op | 162,000 | - |
| Albury Wodonga Aboriginal Health Service | 28,800 | - |
| Boorndawan William Aboriginal Health Service Ltd | 28,800 | - |
| Total | 6,390,090 | 991,778 |
| | 0,000,000 | |
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Sales for goods and services: | | |
| Bendigo & District Aboriginal Co- Op | 3,000 | 6,000 |
| Dandenong & District Aboriginal Cooperative Ltd | - | 36,512 |
| Gunditjmara Aboriginal Corp. | 7,871 | 62,741 |
| Wathaurong Aboriginal Health Service | 9,911 | 90,963 |
| Mungabareena aboriginal Corporation | - | 22,058 |
| Bubup Wilam for Early Learning | - | 3,818 |
| Weenthunga Health Network | - | 1,900 |
| Total | 20,782 | 223,992 |
| | | |

Loans to/from related parties

There were no loans to or from related parties at the current and previous reporting date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

Receivable from and payable to related parties

The following table reflects the trade receivables from or trade payables with related parties at year end:

| | 2020 \$ | | 2019 \$ | |
|---|------------|---------|------------|---------|
| | Receivable | Payable | Receivable | Payable |
| Gunditjmara Aboriginal Corp. | - | 2,200 | 3,017 | - |
| Wathaurong Aboriginal Health Service | - | - | 30,460 | - |
| Bendigo and District Aboriginal Cooperative | - | - | 6,000 | - |
| Total | - | - | 39,477 | - |

Terms and conditions

All transactions were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates.

NOTE 18: EVENTS AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

The impact of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic is ongoing, it is not practicable to estimate the potential impact, positive or negative, after the reporting date. The situation is rapidly developing and is dependent on measures imposed by the Australian and State Governments, including but not limited to maintaining social distancing requirements, home quarantining, significant travel restrictions and increased focus on testing for COVID-19. VACCHO understands that the Australian and State Governments may provide economic stimulus in the form of funding, however it is not clear at this time.

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2020 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the incorporated association's operations, the results of those operations, or the incorporated association's state of affairs in future financial years.

NOTE 19: ASSOCIATION DETAILS

The registered office of the association is: 17-23 Sackville Street, Collingwood Vic 3066

The principal place of business is at the registered office.

PUBLIC OFFICER'S STATEMENT FOR YEAR ENDED 30 June 2020

In the officers' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of VACCHO's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that VACCHO will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

On behalf of the officers

Jul Galloge

Jill Gallagher, AO (CEO VACCHO)

DATED: 22nd September 2020

STATEMENT BY MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE

In the opinion of the committee, the financial report as set out on pages 2 to 21:

- 1 Presents fairly the financial position of Victorian Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Organisation Incorporated as at 30 June 2020 and its performance for the year ended on that date in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements and the Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012.
- 2 At the date of this statement there are reasonable grounds to believe that Victorian Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Organisation Incorporated will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

This statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the committee and is signed for and on behalf of the committee by:

Michael Graham (A/Chair)

Suzie Squires

Dated this 22nd day of September 2020



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Members of Victorian Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Organisation Inc

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Victorian Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Organisation Inc (the Association), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the statement by members' of the committee.

In our opinion, the financial report of the Association has been prepared in accordance with Division 60 of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* and the *Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Association's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year ended on that date; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Requirements and Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013 and the Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD AUDIT | TAX | CONSULTING

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Responsibilities of the Members of the Committee for the Financial Report

The members of the committee of the Association are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements and the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* (ACNC Act) and for such internal control as the members of the committee determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the members of the committee are responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: <u>http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf</u>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

RSM AUSTRALIA PARTNERS

B Y CHAN Partner

Dated: 22 September 2020 Melbourne, Victoria